**Oedipus the King**

**Dramatis Personae**

**OEDIPUS**: king of Thebes  
**PRIEST**: the high priest of Thebes  
**CREON**: Oedipus’ brother-in-law  
**CHORUS** of Theban elders  
**TEIRESIAS**: an old blind prophet  
**BOY:** attendant on Teiresias  
**JOCASTA**: wife of Oedipus, sister of Creon  
**MESSENGER**: an old man  
**SERVANT**: an old shepherd  
**SECOND MESSENGER**: a servant of Oedipus  
**ANTIGONE**: daughter of Oedipus and Jocasta, a child  
**ISMENE**: daughter of Oedipus and Jocasta, a child  
**SERVANTS** and **ATTENDANTS** on Oedipus and Jocasta

*[The action takes place in Thebes in front of the royal palace. The main doors are directly facing the audience. There are altars beside the doors. A crowd of citizens carrying branches decorated with laurel garlands and wool and led by the* ***PRIEST*** *has gathered in front of the altars, with some people sitting on the altar steps.* ***OEDIPUS*** *enters through the palace doors]*

**OEDIPUS**   
      My children, latest generation born from Cadmus,  
      why are you sitting here with wreathed sticks  
      in supplication to me, while the city  
      fills with incense, chants, and cries of pain?**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note1)**  
      Children, it would not be appropriate for me  
      to learn of this from any other source,  
      so I have come in person—I, Oedipus,  
      whose fame all men acknowledge. But you there,  
      old man, tell me—you seem to be the one  
      who ought to speak for those assembled here.                          10         [10]  
      What feeling brings you to me—fear or desire?  
      You can be confident that I will help.  
      I shall assist you willingly in every way.  
      I would be a hard-hearted man indeed,  
      if I did not pity suppliants like these.

**PRIEST**  
      Oedipus, ruler of my native land,  
      you see how people here of every age      are crouching down around your altars,  
      some fledglings barely strong enough to fly  
      and others bent by age, with priests as well—                           20  
      for I’m priest of Zeus—and these ones here,  
      the pick of all our youth. The other groups  
      sit in the market place with suppliant sticks  
      or else in front of Pallas’ two shrines,                                                  [20]  
      or where Ismenus prophesies with fire.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note2)**  
      For our city, as you yourself can see,  
      is badly shaken—she cannot raise her head  
      above the depths of so much surging death.  
      Disease infects fruit blossoms in our land,  
      disease infects our herds of grazing cattle,                                 30  
      makes women in labour lose their children.  
      And deadly pestilence, that fiery god,  
      swoops down to blast the city, emptying  
      the House of Cadmus, and fills black Hades                                       [30]  
      with groans and howls. These children and myself  
      now sit here by your home, not because we think  
      you’re equal to the gods. No. We judge you  
      the first of men in what happens in this life  
      and in our interactions with the gods.  
      For you came here, to our Cadmeian city,                                  40  
      and freed us from the tribute we were paying  
      to that cruel singer—and yet you knew  
      no more than we did and had not been taught.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note3)**  
      In their stories, the people testify  
      how, with gods’ help, you gave us back our lives.  
      So now, Oedipus, our king, most powerful                                        [40]  
      in all men’s eyes, we’re here as suppliants,  
      all begging you to find some help for us,  
      either by listening to a heavenly voice,  
      or learning from some other human being.                                 50  
      For, in my view, men of experience  
      provide advice which gives the best results.  
      So now, you best of men, raise up our state.  
      Act to consolidate your fame, for now,  
      thanks to your eagerness in earlier days,  
      the city celebrates you as its saviour.  
      Don’t let our memory of your ruling here                                           [50]  
      declare that we were first set right again,  
      and later fell. No. Restore our city,  
      so that it stands secure. In those times past                               60  
      you brought us joy—and with good omens, too.  
      Be that same man today. If you’re to rule  
      as you are doing now, it’s better to be king  
      in a land of men than in a desert.  
      An empty ship or city wall is nothing  
      if no men share your life together there.

**OEDIPUS**  
      My poor children, I know why you have come—  
      I am not ignorant of what you yearn for.  
      For I well know that you are ill, and yet,                                             [60]  
      sick as you are, there is not one of you                                       70  
      whose illness equals mine. Your agony  
      comes to each one of you as his alone,  
      a special pain for him and no one else.  
      But the soul inside me sorrows for myself,  
      and for the city, and for you—all together.  
      You are not rousing me from a deep sleep.  
      You must know I’ve been shedding many tears  
      and, in my wandering thoughts, exploring  
      many pathways. After a careful search  
      I followed up the one thing I could find                                     80  
      and acted on it. So I have sent away  
      my brother-in-law, son of Menoeceus,  
      Creon, to Pythian Apollo’s shrine,                                                      [70]  
      to learn from him what I might do or say  
      to save our city. But when I count the days—  
      the time he’s been away—I now worry  
      what he’s doing. For he’s been gone too long,  
      well past the time he should have taken.  
      But when he comes, I’ll be a wicked man  
      if I do not act on all the god reveals.                                          90

**PRIEST**  
      What you have said is most appropriate,  
      for these men here have just informed me  
      that Creon is approaching.

**OEDIPUS**  
                                              Lord Apollo,                                                  [80]  
      as he returns may fine shining fortune,  
      bright as his countenance, attend on him.

**PRIEST**  
      It seems the news he brings is good—if not,  
      he would not wear that wreath around his head,  
      a laurel thickly packed with berries.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note4)**

**OEDIPUS**  
      We’ll know soon enough—he’s within earshot.

*[Enter* ***CREON****.* ***OEDIPUS*** *calls to him as he approaches]*

      My royal kinsman, child of Menoeceus,                                     100  
      what message from the god do you bring us?

**CREON**  
      Good news. I tell you even troubles  
      difficult to bear will all end happily  
      if events lead to the right conclusion.

**OEDIPUS**  
      What is the oracle? So far your words  
      inspire in me no confidence or fear.                                                    [90]

**CREON**  
      If you wish to hear the news in public,  
      I’m prepared to speak. Or we could step inside.

**OEDIPUS**  
      Speak out to everyone. The grief I feel  
      for these citizens is even greater                                                110  
      than any pain I feel for my own life.

**CREON**  
      Then let me report what I heard from the god.  
      Lord Phoebus clearly orders us to drive away  
      the polluting stain this land has harboured—  
      which will not be healed if we keep nursing it.

**OEDIPUS**  
      What sort of cleansing? And this disaster—  
      how did it happen?

**CREON**  
                                              By banishment—                                           [100]  
      or atone for murder by shedding blood again.  
      This blood brings on the storm which blasts our state.

**OEDIPUS**  
      And the one whose fate the god revealed—                       120  
      what sort of man is he?

**CREON**  
                                    Before you came, my lord,  
      to steer our ship of state, Laius ruled this land.

**OEDIPUS**  
      I have heard that, but I never saw the man.

**CREON**  
      Laius was killed. And now the god is clear:  
      those murderers, he tells us, must be punished,  
      whoever they may be.

**OEDIPUS**  
                                             And where are they?  
      In what country? Where am I to find a trace  
      of this ancient crime? It will be hard to track.

**CREON**  
      Here in Thebes, so said the god. What is sought  
      is found, but what is overlooked escapes.                                 130        [110]

**OEDIPUS**  
      When Laius fell in bloody death, where was he—  
      at home, or in his fields, or in another land?

**CREON**  
      He was abroad, on his way to Delphi—  
      that’s what he told us. He began the trip,  
      but did not return.

**OEDIPUS**  
                                          Was there no messenger—  
      no companion who made the journey with him  
      and witnessed what took place—a person  
      who might provide some knowledge men could use?

**CREON**  
      They all died—except for one who was afraid  
      and ran away. There was only one thing                                    140  
      he could inform us of with confidence  
      about the things he saw.

**OEDIPUS**  
                                                   What was that?  
      We might get somewhere if we had one fact—                                   [120]  
      we could find many things, if we possessed  
      some slender hope to get us going.

**CREON**  
      He told us it was robbers who attacked them—  
      not just a single man, a gang of them—  
      they came on with force and killed him.

**OEDIPUS**  
      How would a thief have dared to do this,  
      unless he had financial help from Thebes?                                150

**CREON**  
      That’s what we guessed. But once Laius was dead  
      we were in trouble, so no one sought revenge.

**OEDIPUS**  
      When the ruling king had fallen in this way,  
      what bad trouble blocked your path, preventing you  
      from looking into it?

**CREON**  
                                                         It was the Sphinx—                            [130]  
      she sang her enigmatic song and thus forced us  
      to put aside something we found obscure  
      to look into the urgent problem we now faced.

**OEDIPUS**  
      Then I will start afresh, and once again  
      shed light on darkness. It is most fitting                                    160  
      that Apollo demonstrates his care  
      for the dead man, and worthy of you, too.  
      And so, as is right, you will see how I  
      work with you, seeking vengeance for this land,  
      as well as for the god. This polluting stain  
      I will remove, not for some distant friend,  
      but for myself. For whoever killed this man  
      may soon enough desire to turn his hand                                            [140]  
      in the same way against me, too, and kill me.  
      Thus, in avenging Laius, I serve myself.                                    170  
      But now, my children, as quickly as you can  
      stand up from these altar steps and take  
      your suppliant branches. Someone must call  
      the Theban people to assemble here.  
      I’ll do everything I can. With the god’s help  
      this will all come to light successfully,  
      or else it will prove our common ruin.

*[****OEDIPUS*** *and* ***CREON*** *go into the palace]*

**PRIEST**  
      Let us get up, children. For this man  
      has willingly declared just what we came for.  
      And may Phoebus, who sent this oracle,                                   180  
      come as our saviour and end our sickness.                                          [150]

*[The* ***PRIEST*** *and the CITIZENS leave. Enter the* ***CHORUS*** *OF THEBAN ELDERS]*

**CHORUS**  
                        Oh sweet speaking voice of Zeus,  
       you have come to glorious Thebes from golden Pytho—  
                            but what is your intent?  
       My fearful heart twists on the rack and shakes with fear.  
                  O Delian healer, for whom we cry aloud  
                           in holy awe, what obligation  
              will you demand from me, a thing unknown  
               or now renewed with the revolving years?  
                Immortal voice, O child of golden Hope,                        190  
                                     speak to me!

                First I call on you, Athena the immortal,  
               daughter of Zeus, and on your sister, too,                                  [160]  
                  Artemis, who guards our land and sits  
          on her glorious round throne in our market place,  
             and on Phoebus, who shoots from far away.  
                  O you three guardians against death,  
                                    appear to me!  
                 If before now you have ever driven off  
                    a fiery plague to keep away disaster                             200  
                     from the city and have banished it,  
                      then come to us this time as well!

                  Alas, the pains I bear are numberless—  
                    my people now all sick with plague,  
                      our minds can find no weapons                                           [170]  
               to serve as our defence. Now the offspring  
                 of our splendid earth no longer grow,  
                nor do our women crying out in labour  
             get their relief from a living new-born child.  
          As you can see—one by one they swoop away,                     210  
          off to the shores of the evening god, like birds  
                faster than fire which no one can resist.

         Our city dies—we’ve lost count of all the dead.  
           Her sons lie in the dirt unpitied, unlamented.                                [180]  
      Corpses spread the pestilence, while youthful wives  
             and grey-haired mothers on the altar steps  
               wail everywhere and cry in supplication,  
                 seeking to relieve their agonizing pain.  
                     Their solemn chants ring out—  
                 they mingle with the voices of lament.                           220  
                          O Zeus’ golden daughter,  
                      send your support and strength,  
                           your lovely countenance!

               And that ravenous Ares, god of killing,  
              who now consumes me as he charges on  
          with no bronze shield but howling battle cries,  
        let him turn his back and quickly leave this land,  
                with a fair following wind to carry him  
                 to the great chambers of Amphitrite**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note5)**  
                   or inhospitable waves of Thrace.                                  230  
             For if destruction does not come at night,  
               then day arrives to see it does its work.  
            O you who wield that mighty flash of fire,                                   [200]  
               O father Zeus, with your lighting blast  
                               let Ares be destroyed!

         O Lyceian lord,**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note6)** how I wish those arrows  
            from the golden string of your bent bow  
        with their all-conquering force would wing out  
               to champion us against our enemy,  
            and the blazing fires of Artemis, as well,                             240  
         with which she races through the Lycian hills.  
           I call the god who binds his hair with gold,  
             the one whose name our country shares,                                     [210]  
        the one to whom the Maenads shout their cries,  
                  Dionysus with his radiant face—**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note7)**  
          may he come to us with his flaming torchlight,  
                         our ally against Ares,  
                  a god dishonoured among gods.

*[Enter* ***OEDIPUS*** *from the palace]*

**OEDIPUS**  
      You pray. But if you listen now to me,  
      you’ll get your wish. Hear what I have to say                            250  
      and treat your own disease—then you may hope  
      to find relief from your distress. I shall speak  
      as one who is a stranger to the story,  
      a stranger to the crime. If I alone  
      were tracking down this act, I’d not get far                                         [220]  
      without a single clue. That being the case,  
      for it was after the event that I became  
      a citizen of Thebes, I now proclaim  
      the following to all of you Cadmeians:  
      Whoever among you knows the man it was                               260  
      who murdered Laius, son of Labdacus,  
      I order him to reveal it all to me.  
      And if the murderer’s afraid, I tell him  
      to avoid the danger of the major charge  
      by speaking out against himself. If so,  
      he will be sent out from this land unhurt—  
      and undergo no further punishment.  
      If someone knows the killer is a stranger,                                            [230]  
      from some other state, let him not stay mute.  
      As well as a reward, he’ll earn my thanks.                                 270  
      But if he remains quiet, if anyone,  
      through fear, hides himself or a friend of his  
      against my orders, here’s what I shall do—  
      so listen to my words. For I decree  
      that no one in this land, in which I rule  
      as your own king, shall give that killer shelter  
      or talk to him, whoever he may be,  
      or act in concert with him during prayers,  
      or sacrifice, or sharing lustral water.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note8)**                                              [240]  
      Ban him from your homes, every one of you,                            280  
      for he is our pollution, as the Pythian god  
      has just revealed to me. In doing this,  
      I’m acting as an ally of the god  
      and of dead Laius, too. And I pray  
      whoever the man is who did this crime,  
      one unknown person acting on his own  
      or with companions, the worst of agonies  
      will wear out his wretched life. I pray, too,  
      that, if he should become a honoured guest  
      in my own home and with my knowledge,                                 290       [250]  
      I may suffer all those things I’ve just called down  
      upon the killers. And I urge you now  
      to make sure all these orders take effect,  
      for my sake, for the sake of the god,  
      and for our barren, godless, ruined land.  
      For in this matter, even if a god  
      were not prompting us, it would not be right  
      for you to simply leave things as they are,  
      and not to purify the murder of a man  
      who was so noble and who was your king.                                300  
      You should have looked into it. But now I  
      possess the ruling power which Laius held  
      in earlier days. I have his bed and wife—                                            [260]  
      she would have borne his children, if his hopes  
      to have a son had not been disappointed.  
      Children from a common mother might have linked  
      Laius and myself. But as it turned out,  
      fate swooped down onto his head. So now I  
      will fight on his behalf, as if this matter  
      concerned my father, and I will strive                                       310  
      to do everything I can to find him,  
      the man who spilled his blood, and thus avenge  
      the son of Labdacus and Polydorus,  
      of Cadmus and Agenor from old times.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note9)**      As for those who do not follow what I urge,  
      I pray the gods send them no fertile land,  
      no, nor any children in their women’s wombs—                                 [270]  
      may they all perish in our present fate  
      or one more hateful still. To you others,  
      you Cadmeians who support my efforts,                                   320  
      may Justice, our ally, and all the gods  
      attend on us with kindness always.

**CHORUS** LEADER  
      My lord, since you extend your oath to me,  
      I will say this. I am not the murderer,  
      nor can I tell you who the killer is.  
      As for what you’re seeking, it’s for Apollo,  
      who launched this search, to state who did it.

**OEDIPUS**  
      That is well said. But no man has power                                [280]  
      to force the gods to speak against their will.

**CHORUS** LEADER  
      May I then suggest what seems to me          330  
      the next best course of action?

**OEDIPUS**  
                                                      You may indeed,  
      and if there is a third course, too, don’t hesitate  
      to let me know.

**CHORUS** LEADER  
                                                 Our lord Teiresias,  
      I know, can see into things, like lord Apollo.  
      From him, my king, a man investigating this  
      might well find out the details of the crime.

**OEDIPUS**  
      I’ve taken care of that—it’s not something  
      I could overlook. At Creon’s urging,  
      I have dispatched two messengers to him  
      and have been wondering for some time now                            340  
      why he has not come.

**CHORUS** LEADER  
                                             Apart from that,  
      there are rumours—but inconclusive ones                                          [290]  
      from a long time ago.

**OEDIPUS**  
                               What kind of rumours?  
      I’m looking into every story.

**CHORUS** LEADER  
                                                    It was said  
      that Laius was killed by certain travellers.

**OEDIPUS**  
      Yes, I heard as much. But no one has seen  
      the one who did it.

**CHORUS** LEADER  
                                                        Well, if the killer  
      has any fears, once he hears your curses on him,  
      he will not hold back, for they are serious.

**OEDIPUS**  
      When a man has no fear of doing the act,                    350  
      he’s not afraid of words.

**CHORUS** LEADER  
                                         No, not in the case  
      where no one stands there to convict him.  
      But at last Teiresias is being guided here,  
      our god-like prophet, in whom the truth resides  
      more so than in all other men.

*[Enter* ***TEIRESIAS*** *led by a small BOY]*  
  
**OEDIPUS**  
                                                                       Teiresias,                          [300]  
      you who understand all things—what can be taught  
      and what cannot be spoken of, what goes on  
      in heaven and here on the earth—you know,  
      although you cannot see, how sick our state is.  
      And so we find in you alone, great seer,                                    360  
      our shield and saviour. For Phoebus Apollo,  
      in case you have not heard the news, has sent us  
      an answer to our question: the only cure  
      for this infecting pestilence is to find  
      the men who murdered Laius and kill them  
      or else expel them from this land as exiles.  
      So do not withhold from us your prophecies                                       [310]  
      in voices of the birds or by some other means.  
      Save this city and yourself. Rescue me.  
      Deliver us from this pollution by the dead.                               370  
      We are in your hands. For a mortal man  
      the finest labour he can do is help  
      with all his power other human beings.

**TEIRESIAS**  
      Alas, alas! How dreadful it can be  
      to have wisdom when it brings no benefit  
      to the man possessing it. This I knew,  
      but it had slipped my mind. Otherwise,  
      I would not have journeyed here.

**OEDIPUS**: What’s wrong? You’ve come, but seem so sad.

**TEIRESIAS**: Let me go home. You must bear your burden            380         [320]  
      to the very end, and I will carry mine,  
      if you’ll agree with me.

**OEDIPUS**:                               What you are saying  
      is not customary and shows little love  
      toward the city state which nurtured you,  
      if you deny us your prophetic voice.

**TEIRESIAS**: I see your words are also out of place.  
      I do not speak for fear of doing the same.

**OEDIPUS**: If you know something, then, by heaven,  
      do not turn away. We are your suppliants—  
      all of us—we bend our knees to you.                                        390

**TEIRESIAS**: You are all ignorant. I will not reveal  
      the troubling things inside me, which I can call  
      your grief as well.

**OEDIPUS**:                               What are you saying?                                [330]  
      Do you know and will not say? Do you intend  
      to betray me and destroy the city?

**TEIRESIAS**: I will cause neither me nor you distress.  
      Why do you vainly question me like this?  
      You will not learn a thing from me.

**OEDIPUS**: You most disgraceful of disgraceful men!  
      You’d move something made of stone to rage!                          400  
      Will you not speak out? Will your stubbornness  
      never have an end?

**TEIRESIAS**:                               You blame my temper,  
      but do not see the one which lives within you.  
      Instead, you are finding fault with me.

**OEDIPUS**: What man who listened to these words of yours  
      would not be enraged—you insult the city!                                         [340]

**TEIRESIAS**: Yet events will still unfold, for all my silence.

**OEDIPUS**: Since they will come, you must inform me.

**TEIRESIAS**: I will say nothing more. Fume on about it,  
      if you wish, as fiercely as you can.                                             410

**OEDIPUS**: I will. In my anger I will not conceal  
      just what I make of this. You should know  
      I get the feeling you conspired in the act,  
      and played your part, as much as you could do,  
      short of killing him with your own hands.  
      If you could use your eyes, I would have said  
      that you had done this work all by yourself.

**TEIRESIAS**: Is that so? Then I would ask you to stand by                      [350]  
      the very words which you yourself proclaimed  
      and from now on not speak to me or these men.                       420  
      For the accursed polluter of this land is you.

**OEDIPUS**: You dare to utter shameful words like this?  
      Do you think you can get away with it?

**TEIRESIAS**: I am getting away with it. The truth  
      within me makes me strong.

**OEDIPUS**:                               Who taught you this?  
      It could not have been your craft.

**TEIRESIAS**:                                           You did.  
      I did not want to speak, but you incited me.

**OEDIPUS**: What do you mean? Speak it again,  
      so I can understand you more precisely.

**TEIRESIAS**: Did you not grasp my words before,                          430  
      or are you trying to test me with your question?                                 [360]

**OEDIPUS**: I did not fully understand your words.  
      Tell me again.

**TEIRESIAS**:                         I say that you yourself  
      are the very man you’re looking for.

**OEDIPUS**: That’s twice you’ve stated that disgraceful lie—  
      something you’ll regret.

**TEIRESIAS**:                         Shall I tell you more,  
      so you can grow even more enraged?

**OEDIPUS**: As much as you desire. It will be useless.

**TEIRESIAS**: I say that with your dearest family,  
      unknown to you, you are living in disgrace.                              440  
      You have no idea how bad things are.

**OEDIPUS**: Do you really think you can just speak out,  
      say things like this, and still remain unpunished?

**TEIRESIAS**: Yes, I can, if the truth has any strength.

**OEDIPUS**: It does, but not for you. Truth is not in you—                       [370]  
      for your ears, your mind, your eyes are blind!

**TEIRESIAS**: You are a wretched fool to use harsh words  
      which all men soon enough will use to curse you.

**OEDIPUS**: You live in endless darkness of the night,  
      so you can never injure me or any man                                      450  
      who can glimpse daylight.

**TEIRESIAS**:                                     It is not your fate  
      to fall because of me. It’s up to Apollo  
      to make that happen. He will be enough.

**OEDIPUS**: Is this something Creon has devised,  
      or is it your invention?

**TEIRESIAS**:                         Creon is no threat.  
      You have made this trouble on your own.

**OEDIPUS**: O riches, ruling power, skill after skill                                   [380]  
      surpassing all in this life’s rivalries,  
      how much envy you must carry with you,  
      if, for this kingly office, which the city                                      460  
      gave me, for I did not seek it out,  
      Creon, my old trusted family friend,  
      has secretly conspired to overthrow me  
      and paid off a double-dealing quack like this,  
      a crafty bogus priest, who can only see  
      his own advantage, who in his special art  
      is absolutely blind. Come on, tell me                                                   [390]  
      how you have ever given evidence  
      of your wise prophecy. When the Sphinx,  
      that singing bitch, was here, you said nothing                           470  
      to set the people free. Why not? Her riddle  
      was not something the first man to stroll along  
      could solve—a prophet was required. And there  
      the people saw your knowledge was no use—  
      nothing from birds or picked up from the gods.  
      But then I came, Oedipus, who knew nothing.  
      Yet I finished her off, using my wits  
      rather than relying on birds. That’s the man  
      you want to overthrow, hoping, no doubt,  
      to stand up there with Creon, once he’s king.                           480         [400]  
      But I think you and your conspirator in this  
      will regret trying to usurp the state.  
      If you did not look so old, you’d find  
      the punishment your arrogance deserves.

**CHORUS** LEADER: To us it sounds as if Teiresias  
      has spoken in anger, and, Oedipus,  
      you have done so, too. That’s not what we need.  
      Instead we should be looking into this:  
      How can we best carry out the god’s decree?

**TEIRESIAS**: You may be king, but I have the right                        490  
      to answer you—and I control that right,  
      for I am not your slave. I serve Apollo,                                               [410]  
      and thus will never stand with Creon,  
      signed up as his man. So I say this to you,  
      since you have chosen to insult my blindness—  
      you have your eyesight, and you do not see  
      how miserable you are, or where you live,  
      or who it is who shares your household.  
      Do you know the family you come from?  
      Without your knowledge you’ve become                                  500  
      the enemy of your own kindred,  
      those in the world below and those up here,  
      and the dreadful feet of that two-edged curse  
      from father and mother both will drive you  
      from this land in exile. Those eyes of yours,  
      which now can see so clearly, will be dark.  
      What harbour will not echo with your cries?                                       [420]  
      Where on Cithaeron**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note10)** will they not soon be heard,  
      once you have learned the truth about the wedding  
      by which you sailed into this royal house—                              510  
      a lovely voyage, but the harbour’s doomed?  
      You’ve no idea of the quantity  
      of other troubles which will render you  
      and your own children equals. So go on—  
      keep insulting Creon and my prophecies,  
      for among all living mortals no one  
      will be destroyed more wretchedly than you.

**OEDIPUS**: Must I tolerate this insolence from him?  
      Get out, and may the plague get rid of you!                                         [430]  
      Off with you! Now! Turn your back and go!                             520  
      And don’t come back here to my home again.

**TEIRESIAS**: I would not have come, but you summoned me.

**OEDIPUS**: I did not know you would speak so stupidly.  
      If I had, you would have waited a long time  
      before I called you here.

**TEIRESIAS**:                               I was born like this.  
      You think I am a fool, but to your parents,  
      the ones who made you, I was wise enough.

**OEDIPUS**: Wait! My parents? Who was my father?

**TEIRESIAS**: This day will reveal that and destroy you.

**OEDIPUS**: Everything you speak is all so cryptic—                      530  
      like a riddle.

**TEIRESIAS**:                   Well, in solving riddles,                                     [440]  
      are you not the best there is?

**OEDIPUS**:                                     Mock my excellence,  
      but you will find out I am truly great.

**TEIRESIAS**: That quality of yours now ruins you.

**OEDIPUS**: I do not care, if I have saved the city.

**TEIRESIAS**: I will go now. Boy, lead me away.

**OEDIPUS**: Yes, let him guide you back. You’re in the way.  
      If you stay, you’ll just provoke me. Once you’re gone,  
      you won’t annoy me further.

**TEIRESIAS**:                                                 I’m going.  
      But first I shall tell you why I came.                                          540  
      I do not fear the face of your displeasure—  
      there is no way you can destroy me. I tell you,  
      the man you have been seeking all this time,  
      while proclaiming threats and issuing orders                                       [450]  
      about the one who murdered Laius—  
      that man is here. According to reports,  
      he is a stranger who lives here in Thebes.  
      But he will prove to be a native Theban.  
      From that change he will derive no pleasure.  
      He will be blind, although he now can see.                               550  
      He will be a poor, although he now is rich.  
      He will set off for a foreign country,  
      groping the ground before him with a stick.  
      And he will turn out to be the brother  
      of the children in his house—their father, too,  
      both at once, and the husband and the son  
      of the very woman who gave birth to them.  
      He sowed the same womb as his father  
      and murdered him. Go in and think on this.                                        [460]  
      If you discover I have spoken falsely,                                        560  
      you can say I lack all skill in prophecy.

*[Exit* ***TEIRESIAS*** *led off by the BOY.* ***OEDIPUS*** *turns and goes back into the palace]*

**CHORUS**: Speaking from the Delphic rock  
      the oracular voice intoned a name.  
      But who is the man, the one  
      who with his blood-red hands  
      has done unspeakable brutality?  
      The time has come for him to flee—  
      to move his powerful foot  
      more swiftly than those hooves  
      on horses riding on the storm.                                                   570  
      Against him Zeus’ son now springs,                                                    [470]  
      armed with lightning fire and leading on  
      the inexorable and terrifying Furies.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note11)**

      From the snowy peaks of Mount Parnassus**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note12)**  
      the message has just flashed, ordering all  
      to seek the one whom no one knows.  
      Like a wild bull he wanders now,  
      hidden in the untamed wood,  
      through rocks and caves, alone  
      with his despair on joyless feet,                                                 580  
      keeping his distance from that doom  
      uttered at earth’s central navel stone.                                                  [480]  
      But that fatal oracle still lives,  
      hovering above his head forever.

      That wise interpreter of prophecies  
      stirs up my fears, unsettling dread.  
      I cannot approve of what he said  
      and I cannot deny it.  
      I am confused. What shall I say?  
      My hopes flutter here and there,  
      with no clear glimpse of past or future.                                     590  
      I have never heard of any quarrelling,  
      past or present, between those two,  
      the house of Labdacus and Polybus’ son,**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note13)**  
      which could give me evidence enough  
      to undermine the fame of Oedipus,  
      as he seeks vengeance for the unsolved murder  
      for the family of Labdacus.

      Apollo and Zeus are truly wise—  
      they understand what humans do.  
      But there is no sure way to ascertain                                         600  
      if human prophets grasp things any more  
      than I do, although in wisdom one man                                              [500]  
      may leave another far behind.  
      But until I see the words confirmed,  
      I will not approve of any man  
      who censures Oedipus, for it was clear  
      when that winged Sphinx went after him  
      he was a wise man then. We witnessed it.  
      He passed the test and endeared himself  
      to all the city. So in my thinking now                                        610        [510]  
      he never will be guilty of a crime.

*[Enter* ***CREON****]*

**CREON**: You citizens, I have just discovered  
      that Oedipus, our king, has levelled charges  
      against me, disturbing allegations.  
      That I cannot bear, so I have come here.  
      In these present troubles, if he believes  
      that he has suffered any injury from me,  
      in word or deed, then I have no desire  
      to continue living into ripe old age  
      still bearing his reproach. For me                                               620  
      the injury produced by this report  
      is no single isolated matter—                                                               [520]  
      no, it has the greatest scope of all,  
      if I end up being called a wicked man  
      here in the city, a bad citizen,  
      by you and by my friends.

**CHORUS** LEADER:                         Perhaps he charged you  
      spurred on by the rash power of his rage,  
      rather than his mind’s true judgment.

**CREON**: Was it publicized that my opinions  
      convinced Teiresias to utter lies?                                               630

**CHORUS** LEADER: That’s what was said. I have no idea  
      just what that meant.

**CREON**:                                     Did he accuse me  
      and announce the charges with a steady gaze,  
      in a normal state of mind?

**CHORUS** LEADER:                         I do not know.                                [530]  
      What those in power do I do not see.  
      But he’s approaching from the palace—  
      here he comes in person.

*[Enter* ***OEDIPUS*** *from the palace]*

**OEDIPUS**:                               You! How did you get here?  
      Has your face grown so bold you now come  
      to my own home—you who are obviously  
      the murderer of the man whose house it was,                           640  
      a thief who clearly wants to steal my throne?  
      Come, in the name of all the gods, tell me this—  
      did you plan to do it because you thought  
      I was a coward or a fool? Or did you think  
      I would not learn about your actions  
      as they crept up on me with such deceit—  
      or that, if I knew, I could not deflect them?  
      This attempt of yours, is it not madness—                                          [540]  
      to chase after the king’s place without friends,  
      without a horde of men, to seek a goal                                      650  
      which only gold or factions could attain?

**CREON**: Will you listen to me? It’s your turn now  
      to hear me make a suitable response.  
      Once you know, then judge me for yourself.

**OEDIPUS**: You are a clever talker. But from you  
      I will learn nothing. I know you now—  
      a troublemaker, an enemy of mine.

**CREON**: At least first listen to what I have to say.

**OEDIPUS**: There’s one thing you do not have to tell me—  
      you have betrayed me.

**CREON**:                               If you think being stubborn               660  
      and forgetting common sense is wise,  
      then you’re not thinking as you should.                                               [550]

**OEDIPUS**: And if you think you can act to injure  
      a man who is a relative of yours  
      and escape without a penalty  
      then you’re not thinking as you should.

**CREON**: I agree. What you’ve just said makes sense.  
      So tell me the nature of the damage  
      you claim you’re suffering because of me.

**OEDIPUS**: Did you or did you not persuade me                            670  
      to send for Teiresias, that prophet?

**CREON**: Yes. And I’d still give you the same advice.

**OEDIPUS**: How long is it since Laius . . . *[pauses]*

**CREON**:                                                             Did what?  
      What’s Laius got to do with anything?

**OEDIPUS**: . . . since Laius was carried off and disappeared,  
      since he was killed so brutally?                                                            [560]

**CREON**:                                           That was long ago—  
      many years have passed since then.

**OEDIPUS**:                                           At that time,  
      was Teiresias as skilled in prophecy?

**CREON**: Then, as now, he was honoured for his wisdom.

**OEDIPUS**: And back then did he ever mention me?                      680

**CREON**: No, never—not while I was with him.

**OEDIPUS**: Did you not investigate the killing?

**CREON**: Yes, of course we did. But we found nothing.

**OEDIPUS**: Why did this man, this wise man, not speak up?

**CREON**: I do not know. And when I don’t know something,  
      I like to keep my mouth shut.

**OEDIPUS**:                               You know enough—                                [570]  
      at least you understand enough to say . . .

**CREON**: What? If I really do know something  
      I will not deny it.

**OEDIPUS**:                                                        If Teiresias  
      were not working with you, he would not name me                  690  
      as the one who murdered Laius.

**CREON**:                                                 If he says this,  
      well, you’re the one who knows. But I think  
      the time has come for me to question you  
      the way that you’ve been questioning me.

**OEDIPUS**: Ask all you want. You’ll not prove  
      that I’m the murderer.

**CREON**:                                     Then tell me this—  
      are you not married to my sister?

**OEDIPUS**: Since you ask me, yes. I don’t deny that.

**CREON**: And you two rule this land as equals?

**OEDIPUS**: Whatever she desires, she gets from me.                      700        [580]

**CREON**: And am I not third, equal to you both?

**OEDIPUS**: That’s what makes your friendship so deceitful.

**CREON**: No, not if you think this through, as I do.  
      First, consider this. In your view, would anyone  
      prefer to rule and have to cope with fear  
      rather than live in peace, carefree and safe,  
      if his powers were the same? I, for one,  
      have no natural desire to be king  
      in preference to performing royal acts.  
      The same is true of any other man                                             710  
      whose understanding grasps things properly.  
      For now I get everything I want from you,                                          [590]  
      but without the fear. If I were king myself,  
      I’d be doing many things against my will.  
      So how can being a king be sweeter to me  
      than royal power without anxiety?  
      I am not yet so mistaken in my mind  
      that I want things which bring no benefits.  
      Now I greet all men, and they all welcome me.  
      Those who wish to get something from you                              720  
      now flatter me, since I’m the one who brings  
      success in what they want. So why would I  
      give up such benefits for something else?  
      A mind that’s wise will not turn treacherous.                                      [600]  
      It’s not my nature to love such policies.  
      And if another man pursued such things,  
      I’d not work with him. I couldn’t bear to.  
      If you want proof of this, then go to Delphi.  
      Ask the prophet if I brought back to you  
      exactly what was said. At that point,                                         730  
      if you discover I have planned something,  
      that I’ve conspired with Teiresias,  
      then arrest me and have me put to death,  
      not just on your own authority,  
      but on mine as well, a double judgment.  
      Do not condemn me on an unproved charge.  
      It's not fair to judge these things by guesswork,  
      to assume bad men are good or good men bad.                                   [610]  
      In my view, to throw away a noble friend  
      is like a man who parts with his own life,                                  740  
      the thing most dear to him. Give it some time.  
      Then you’ll see clearly, since only time  
      can fully validate a man who’s true.  
      A bad man is exposed in just one day.

**CHORUS** LEADER: For a man concerned about being killed,  
      my lord, he has spoken eloquently.  
      Those who are unreliable give rash advice.

**OEDIPUS**: If some conspirator moves against me,  
      in secret and with speed, I must be quick  
      to make my counter plans. If I just rest                                     750  
      and wait for him to act, then he’ll succeed                                          [620]  
      in what he wants to do, and I’ll be finished.

**CREON**: What do you want—to exile me from here?

**OEDIPUS**: No. I want you to die, not just run off—  
      so I can demonstrate what envy means.

**CREON**: You are determined not to change your mind  
      or listen to me?

**OEDIPUS**:                               You’ll not convince me,  
      for there’s no way that I can trust you.

**CREON**: I can see that you’ve become unbalanced.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note14)**

**OEDIPUS**: I’m sane enough to defend my interests.                       760

**CREON**: You should be protecting mine as well.

**OEDIPUS**: But you’re a treacherous man. It’s your nature.

**CREON**: What if you are wrong?

**OEDIPUS**:                                     I still have to govern.

**CREON**: Not if you do it badly.

**OEDIPUS**:                                           Oh Thebes—  
      my city!

**CREON**: I have some rights in Thebes as well—                                     [630]  
      it is not yours alone.

*[The palace doors open]*

**CHORUS** LEADER:                         My lords, an end to this.  
      I see Jocasta coming from the palace,  
      and just in time. With her assistance  
      you should bring this quarrel to a close.

*[Enter* ***JOCASTA*** *from the palace]*

**JOCASTA**: You foolish men, why are you arguing                          770  
      in such a silly way? With our land so sick,  
      are you not ashamed to start a private fight?  
      You, Oedipus, go in the house, and you,  
      Creon, return to yours. Why blow up  
      a trivial matter into something huge?

**CREON**: Sister, your husband Oedipus intends  
      to punish me in one of two dreadful ways—                                       [640]  
      to banish me from my fathers’ country  
      or arrest me and then have me killed.

**OEDIPUS**:                                                 That’s right.  
      Lady, I caught him committing treason,                                    780  
      conspiring against my royal authority.

**CREON**: Let me not prosper but die a man accursed,  
      if I have done what you accuse me of.

**JOCASTA**:                                                       Oedipus,  
      for the sake of the gods, trust him in this.  
      Respect that oath he made before all heaven—  
      do it for my sake and for those around you.

**CHORUS** LEADER: I beg you, my lord, consent to this—  
      agree with her.                                                                                     [650]

**OEDIPUS**:                                     What is it then  
      you’re asking me to do?

**CHORUS** LEADER:             Pay Creon due respect.  
      He has not been foolish in the past, and now                            790  
      that oath he’s sworn has power.

**OEDIPUS**:                                     Are you aware  
      just what you’re asking?

**CHORUS** LEADER:                         Yes. I understand.

**OEDIPUS**: Then tell me exactly what you’re saying.

**CHORUS** LEADER: You should not accuse a friend of yours  
      and thus dishonour him with a mere story  
      which may not be true, when he’s sworn an oath  
      and therefore could be subject to a curse.

**OEDIPUS**: By this point you should clearly understand,  
      when you request this, what you are doing—  
      seeking to exile me from Thebes or kill me.                              800

**CHORUS** LEADER: No, no, by sacred Helios, the god                          [660]  
      who stands pre-eminent before the rest,  
      may I die the most miserable of deaths,  
      abandoned by the gods and by my friends,  
      if I have ever harboured such a thought!  
      But the destruction of our land wears down  
      the troubled heart within me—and so does this,  
      if you two add new problems to the ones  
      which have for so long been afflicting  us.

**OEDIPUS**: Let him go, then, even though it’s clear                        810  
      I must be killed or sent from here in exile,  
      forced out in disgrace. I have been moved                                          [670]  
      to act compassionately by what you said,  
      not by Creon’s words. But if he stays here,  
      he will be hateful to me.

**CREON**:                               You are obstinate—  
      obviously unhappy to concede,  
      and when you lose your temper, you go too far.  
      But men like that find it most difficult  
      to tolerate themselves. In that there’s justice.

**OEDIPUS**: Why not go—just leave me alone?

**CREON**:                                                       I’ll leave—                 820  
      since I see you do not understand me.  
      But these men here know I’m a reasonable man.

*[Exit* ***CREON*** *away from the palace, leaving* ***OEDIPUS*** *and* ***JOCASTA*** *and the* ***CHORUS*** *on stage]*

**CHORUS** LEADER: Lady, will you escort our king inside?

**JOCASTA**: Yes, once I have learned what happened here.                       [680]

**CHORUS** LEADER:                                           They talked—  
      their words gave rise to uninformed suspicions,  
      an all-consuming lack of proper justice.

**JOCASTA**: From both of them?

**CHORUS** LEADER:                   Yes.

**JOCASTA**:                                           What caused it?

**CHORUS** LEADER: With our country already in distress,  
      it is enough, it seems to me, enough  
      to leave things as they are.

**OEDIPUS**:                                     Now do you see                       830  
      the point you’ve reached thanks to your noble wish  
      to dissolve and dull my firmer purpose?

**CHORUS** LEADER: My lord, I have declared it more than once,           [690]  
      so you must know it would have been quite mad  
      if I abandoned you, who, when this land,  
      my cherished Thebes, was in great trouble,  
      set it right again and who, in these harsh times  
      which now consume us, should prove a trusty guide.

**JOCASTA**: By all the gods, my king, let me know  
      why in this present crisis you now feel                                      840  
      such unremitting rage.

**OEDIPUS**:                         To you I’ll speak, lady,                                   [700]  
      since I respect you more than I do these men.  
      It’s Creon’s fault. He conspired against me.

**JOCASTA**: In this quarrel what was said? Tell me.

**OEDIPUS**: Creon claims that I’m the murderer—  
      that I killed Laius.

**JOCASTA**:                   Does he know this first hand,  
      or has he picked it up from someone else?

**OEDIPUS**: No. He set up that treasonous prophet.  
      What he says himself sounds innocent.

**JOCASTA**: All right, forget about those things you’ve said.           850  
      Listen to me, and ease your mind with this—  
      no human being has skill in prophecy.  
      I’ll show you why with this example.                                                   [710]  
      King Laius once received a prophecy.  
      I won’t say it came straight from Apollo,  
      but it was from those who do assist the god.  
      It said Laius was fated to be killed  
      by a child conceived by him and me.  
      Now, at least according to the story,  
      one day Laius was killed by foreigners,                                      860  
      by robbers, at a place where three roads meet.  
      Besides, before our child was three days old,  
      Laius fused his ankles tight together  
      and ordered other men to throw him out  
      on a mountain rock where no one ever goes.  
      And so Apollo’s plan that he’d become                                               [720]  
      the one who killed his father didn’t work,  
      and Laius never suffered what he feared,  
      that his own son would be his murderer,  
      although that’s what the oracle had claimed.                             870  
      So don’t concern yourself with prophecies.  
      Whatever gods intend to bring about  
      they themselves make known quite easily.

**OEDIPUS**: Lady, as I listen to these words of yours,  
      my soul is shaken, my mind confused . . .

**JOCASTA**: Why do you say that? What’s worrying you?

**OEDIPUS**: I thought I heard you say that Laius  
      was murdered at a place where three roads meet.                                [730]

**JOCASTA**: That’s what was said and people still believe.

**OEDIPUS**: Where is this place? Where did it happen?                   880

**JOCASTA**: In a land called Phocis. Two roads lead there—  
      one from Delphi and one from Daulia.

**OEDIPUS**: How long is it since these events took place?

**JOCASTA**: The story was reported in the city  
      just before you took over royal power  
      here in Thebes.

**OEDIPUS**:                   Oh Zeus, what have you done?  
      What have you planned for me?

**JOCASTA**:                                                 What is it,  
      Oedipus? Why is your spirit so troubled?

**OEDIPUS**:                                           Not yet,                                        [740]  
      no questions yet. Tell me this—Laius,  
      how tall was he? How old a man?                                              890

**JOCASTA**: He was big—his hair was turning white.  
      In shape he was not all that unlike you.

**OEDIPUS**: The worse for me! I may have just set myself  
      under a dreadful curse without my knowledge!

**JOCASTA**: What do you mean? As I look at you, my king,  
      I start to tremble.

**OEDIPUS**:                               I am afraid,  
      full of terrible fears the prophet sees.  
      But you can reveal this better if you now  
      will tell me one thing more.

**JOCASTA**:                                     I’m shaking,  
      but if you ask me, I will answer you.                                         900

**OEDIPUS**: Did Laius have a small escort with him                                  [750]  
      or a troop of soldiers, like a royal king?

**JOCASTA**: Five men, including a herald, went with him.  
      A carriage carried Laius.

**OEDIPUS**:                                                   Alas! Alas!  
      It’s all too clear! Lady, who told you this?

**JOCASTA**: A servant—the only one who got away.  
      He came back here.

**OEDIPUS**:                         Is there any chance  
      he’s in our household now?

**JOCASTA**:                                                    No.  
      Once he returned and understood that you  
      had now assumed the power of slaughtered Laius,                    910  
      he clasped my hands, begged me to send him off                               [760]  
      to where our animals graze out in the fields,  
      so he could be as far away as possible  
      from the sight of town. And so I sent him.  
      He was a slave but he'd earned my gratitude.  
      He deserved an even greater favour.

**OEDIPUS**: I’d like him to return back here to us,  
      and quickly, too.

**JOCASTA**:                               That can be arranged—  
      but why’s that something you would want to do?

**OEDIPUS**: Lady, I’m afraid I may have said too much.                  920  
      That’s why I want to see him here in front of me.

**JOCASTA**: Then he will be here. But now, my lord,  
      I deserve to learn why you are so distressed.                                       [770]

**OEDIPUS**: My forebodings now have grown so great  
      I will not keep them from you, for who is there  
      I should confide in rather than in you  
      about such a twisted turn of fortune.  
      My father was Polybus of Corinth,  
      my mother Merope, a Dorian.  
      There I was regarded as the finest man                                      930  
      in all the city, until, as chance would have it,  
      something really astonishing took place,  
      though it was not worth what it caused me to do.  
      At a dinner there a man who was quite drunk  
      from too much wine began to shout at me,  
      claiming I was not my father’s real son.                                               [780]  
      That troubled me, but for a day at least  
      I said nothing, though it was difficult.  
      The next day I went to ask my parents,  
      my father and my mother. They were angry                              940  
      at the man who had insulted them this way,  
      so I was reassured. But nonetheless,  
      the accusation always troubled me—  
      the story had become well known all over.  
      And so I went in secret off to Delphi.  
      I didn’t tell my mother or my father.  
      Apollo sent me back without an answer,  
      so I didn’t learn what I had come to find.  
      But when he spoke he uttered monstrous things,                                [790]  
      strange terrors and horrific miseries—                                       950  
      it was my fate to defile my mother’s bed,  
      to bring forth to men a human family  
      that people could not bear to look upon,  
      to murder the father who engendered me.  
      When I heard that, I ran away from Corinth.  
      From then on I thought of it just as a place  
      beneath the stars. I went to other lands,  
      so I would never see that prophecy fulfilled,  
      the abomination of my evil fate.  
      In my travelling I came across that place                                   960  
      in which you say your king was murdered.  
      And now, lady, I will tell you the truth.                                               [800]  
      As I was on the move, I passed close by  
      a spot where three roads meet, and in that place  
      I met a herald and a horse-drawn carriage.  
      Inside there was a man like you described.  
      The guide there tried to force me off the road—  
      and the old man, too, got personally involved.  
      In my rage, I lashed out at the driver,  
      who was shoving me aside. The old man,                                  970  
      seeing me walking past him in the carriage,  
      kept his eye on me, and with his double whip  
      struck me on my head, right here on top.  
      Well, I retaliated in good measure—                                                    [810]  
      I hit him a quick blow with the staff I held  
      and knocked him from his carriage to the road.  
      He lay there on his back. Then I killed them all.  
      If that stranger was somehow linked to Laius,  
      who is now more unfortunate than me?  
      What man could be more hateful to the gods?                           980  
      No stranger and no citizen can welcome him  
      into their lives or speak to him. Instead,  
      they must keep him from their doors, a curse  
      I laid upon myself. With these hands of mine,                                     [820]  
      these killer’s hands, I now contaminate  
      the dead man’s bed. Am I not depraved?  
      Am I not utterly abhorrent?  
      Now I must fly into exile and there,  
      a fugitive, never see my people,  
      never set foot in my native land again—                                   990  
      or else I must get married to my mother  
      and kill my father, Polybus, who raised me,  
      the man who gave me life. If anyone  
      claimed this came from some malevolent god,  
      would he not be right? O you gods,  
      you pure, blessed gods, may I not see that day!                                   [830]  
      Let me rather vanish from the sight of men,  
      before I see a fate like that roll over me.

**CHORUS** LEADER: My lord, to us these things are ominous.  
      But you must sustain your hope until you hear                         1000  
      the servant who was present at the time.

**OEDIPUS**: I do have some hope left, at least enough  
      to wait for the man we’ve summoned from the fields.

**JOCASTA**: Once he comes, what do you hope to hear?

**OEDIPUS**: I’ll tell you. If we discover what he says  
      matches what you say, then I’ll escape disaster.                                  [840]

**JOCASTA**: What was so remarkable in what I said?

**OEDIPUS**: You said that in his story the man claimed  
      Laius was murdered by a band of thieves.  
      If he still says that there were several men,                               1010  
      then I was not the killer, since one man  
      could never be mistaken for a crowd.  
      But if he says it was a single man,  
      then I’m the one responsible for this.

**JOCASTA**: Well, that’s certainly what he reported then.  
      He cannot now withdraw what he once said.  
      The whole city heard him, not just me alone.                                      [850]  
      But even if he changes that old news,  
      he cannot ever demonstrate, my lord,  
      that Laius’ murder fits the prophecy.                                        1020  
      For Apollo clearly said the man would die  
      at the hands of an infant born from me.  
      Now, how did that unhappy son of ours  
      kill Laius, when he’d perished long before?  
      So as far as these oracular sayings go,  
      I would not look for confirmation anywhere.

**OEDIPUS**: You’re right in what you say. But nonetheless,  
      send for that peasant. Don’t fail to do that.                                         [860]

**JOCASTA**: I’ll call him here as quickly as I can.  
      Let’s go inside. I’ll not do anything                                           1030  
      which does not meet with your approval.

*[****OEDIPUS*** *and* ***JOCASTA*** *go into the palace together]*

**CHORUS**: I pray fate still finds me worthy,  
      demonstrating piety and reverence  
      in all I say and do—in everything  
      our loftiest traditions consecrate,  
      those laws engendered in the heavenly skies,  
      whose only father is Olympus.  
      They were not born from mortal men,  
      nor will they sleep and be forgotten.                                                    [870]  
      In them lives an ageless mighty god.                                         1040

      Insolence gives birth to tyranny—  
      that insolence which vainly crams itself  
      and overflows with so much stuff  
      beyond what’s right or beneficial,  
      that once it’s climbed the highest rooftop,  
      it’s hurled down by force—such a quick fall  
      there’s no safe landing on one’s feet.  
      But I pray the god never will abolish  
      the rivalry so beneficial to our state.                                                    [880]  
      That god I will hold on to always,                                            1050  
      the one who stands as our protector.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note15)**

      But if a man conducts himself  
      disdainfully in what he says and does,  
      and manifests no fear of righteousness,  
      no reverence for the statues of the gods,  
      may miserable fate seize such a man  
      for his disastrous arrogance,  
      if he does not behave with justice                                                       [890]  
      when he strives to benefit himself,  
      appropriates all things impiously,                                             1060  
      and, like a fool, profanes the sacred.  
      What man is there who does such things  
      who can still claim he will ward off  
      the arrow of the gods aimed at his heart?  
      If such actions are considered worthy,  
      why should we dance to honour god?

      No longer will I go in reverence  
      to the sacred stone, earth’s very centre,  
      or to the temple at Abae or Olympia,                                                  [900]  
      if these prophecies fail to be fulfilled                                        1070  
      and manifest themselves to mortal men.  
      But you, all-conquering, all-ruling Zeus,  
      if by right those names belong to you,  
      let this not evade you and your ageless might.  
      For ancient oracles which dealt with Laius  
      are withering—men now set them aside.  
      Nowhere is Apollo honoured publicly,  
      and our religious faith is dying away.                                                   [910]

*[****JOCASTA*** *enters from the palace and moves to an altar to Apollo which stands outside the palace doors. She is accompanied by one or two SERVANTS]*

**JOCASTA**: You leading men of Thebes, I think  
      it is appropriate for me to visit                                                  1080  
      our god’s sacred shrine, bearing in my hands  
      this garland and an offering of incense.  
      For Oedipus has let excessive pain  
      seize on his heart and does not understand  
      what’s happening now by thinking of the past,  
      like a man with sense. Instead he listens to  
      whoever speaks to him of dreadful things.  
      I can do nothing more for him with my advice,  
      and so, Lycean Apollo, I come to you,  
      who stand here beside us, a suppliant,                                      1090        [920]  
      with offerings and prayers for you to find  
      some way of cleansing what corrupts us.  
      For now we are afraid, just like those  
      who on a ship see their helmsman terrified.

*[****JOCASTA*** *sets her offerings on the altar. A MESSENGER enters, an older man]*

**MESSENGER**: Strangers, can you tell me where I find  
      the house of Oedipus, your king? Better yet,  
      if you know, can you tell me where he is?

**CHORUS** LEADER: His home is here, stranger, and he’s inside.  
      This lady is the mother of his children.

**MESSENGER**: May her happy home always be blessed,               1100  
      for she is his queen, true mistress of his house.                                   [930]

**JOCASTA**: I wish the same for you, stranger. Your fine words  
      make you deserve as much. But tell us now  
      why you have come. Do you seek information,  
      or do you wish to give us some report?

**MESSENGER**: Lady, I have good news for your whole house—  
      and for your husband, too.

**JOCASTA**:                                     What news is that?  
      Where have you come from?

**MESSENGER**:                         I’ve come from Corinth.  
      I’ll give you my report at once, and then  
      you will, no doubt, be glad, although perhaps                          1110  
      you will be sad, as well.

**JOCASTA**:                                     What is your news?  
      How can it have two such effects at once?

**MESSENGER**: The people who live there, in the lands  
      beside the Isthmus, will make him their king.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note16)**  
      They have announced it.                                                                     [940]

**JOCASTA**:                                     What are you saying?  
      Is old man Polybus no longer king?

**MESSENGER**: No. He’s dead and in his grave.

**JOCASTA**:                                      What?  
      Has Oedipus’ father died?

**MESSENGER**:                                  Yes.  
      If what I’m telling you is not the truth,  
      then I deserve to die.

**JOCASTA**: *[to a servant]*                   You there—                           1120  
      go at once and tell this to your master.

*[SERVANT goes into the palace]*

      Oh, you oracles of the gods, so much for you.  
      Oedipus has for so long been afraid  
      that he would murder him. He ran away.  
      Now Polybus has died, killed by fate  
      and not by Oedipus.

*[Enter* ***OEDIPUS*** *from the palace]*

**OEDIPUS**:                                           Ah, Jocasta,  
      my dearest wife, why have you summoned me                                    [950]  
      to leave our home and come out here?

**JOCASTA**: You must hear this man, and as you listen,  
      decide for yourself what these prophecies,                               1130  
      these solemn proclamations from the gods,  
      amount to.

**OEDIPUS**:                         Who is this man? What report  
      does he have for me?

**JOCASTA**:                               He comes from Corinth,  
      bringing news that Polybus, your father,  
      no longer is alive. He’s dead.

**OEDIPUS**:                                                       What?  
      Stranger, let me hear from you in person.

**MESSENGER**: If I must first report my news quite plainly,  
      then I should let you know that Polybus  
      has passed away. He’s gone.

**OEDIPUS**:                                     By treachery,  
      or was it the result of some disease?                                         1140        [960]

MESSENGER: With old bodies a slight weight on the scales  
      brings final peace.

**OEDIPUS**:                         Apparently his death  
      was from an illness?

**MESSENGER**:                         Yes, and from old age.

**OEDIPUS**: Alas! Indeed, lady, why should any man  
      pay due reverence to Apollo’s shrine,  
      where his prophet lives, or to those birds  
      which scream out overhead? For they foretold  
      that I was going to murder my own father.  
      But now he’s dead and lies beneath the earth,  
      and I am here. I never touched my spear.                                 1150  
      Perhaps he died from a desire to see me—  
      so in that sense I brought about his death.                                          [970]  
      But as for those prophetic oracles,  
      they’re worthless. Polybus has taken them  
      to Hades, where he lies.

**JOCASTA**:                               Was I not the one  
      who predicted this some time ago?

**OEDIPUS**:                                     You did,  
      but then I was misguided by my fears.

**JOCASTA**: You must not keep on filling up your heart  
      with all these things.

**OEDIPUS**:                               But my mother’s bed—  
      I am afraid of that. And surely I should be?                              1160

**JOCASTA**: Why should a man whose life seems ruled by chance  
      live in fear—a man who never looks ahead,  
      who has no certain vision of his future?  
      It’s best to live haphazardly, as best one can.  
      Do not worry you will wed your mother.                                             [980]  
      It’s true that in their dreams a lot of men  
      have slept with their own mothers, but someone  
      who ignores all this bears life more easily.

**OEDIPUS**: Everything you say would be commendable,  
      if my mother were not still alive.                                              1170  
      But since she is, I must remain afraid,  
      although what you are saying is right.

**JOCASTA**:                                                       But still,  
      your father’s death is a great comfort to us.

**OEDIPUS**: Yes, it is good, I know. But I do fear  
      that lady—she is still alive.

**MESSENGER**:                         This one you fear,  
      what kind of woman is she?

**OEDIPUS**:                                     Old man,  
      her name is Merope, wife to Polybus.                                                  [990]

**MESSENGER**: And what in her makes you so fearful?

**OEDIPUS**                                               Stranger,  
      a dreadful prophecy sent from the god.

**MESSENGER**: Is it well known? Or something private,               1180  
      which another person has no right to know?

**OEDIPUS**: No, no. It’s public knowledge. Loxias**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note17)**  
      once said it was my fate that I would marry  
      my own mother and shed my father’s blood  
      with my own hands. That’s why, many years ago,  
      I left my home in Corinth. Things turned out well,  
      but nonetheless it gives the sweetest joy  
      to look into the eyes of one’s own parents.

**MESSENGER**: And because you were afraid of her                                [1000]  
      you stayed away from Corinth?

**OEDIPUS**:                                           And because                      1190  
      I did not want to be my father’s killer.

MESSENGER: My lord, since I came to make you happy,  
      why don’t I relieve you of this fear?

**OEDIPUS**: You would receive from me a worthy thanks.

MESSENGER: That’s really why I came—so your return  
      might prove a benefit to me back home.

**OEDIPUS**: But I will never go back to my parents.

MESSENGER: My son, it is so clear you have no idea  
      what you are doing . . .

**OEDIPUS**: *[interrupting]*             What do you mean, old man?  
      In the name of all the gods, tell me.                                          1200

MESSENGER: . . . if that’s the reason you’re a fugitive                          [1010]  
      and won’t go home.

**OEDIPUS**:                   I feared Apollo’s prophecy  
      might reveal itself in me.

MESSENGER:                                     You were afraid  
      you might become corrupted through your parents?

**OEDIPUS**: That’s right, old man. That was my constant fear.

MESSENGER: Are you aware these fears of yours are groundless?

**OEDIPUS**: And why is that? If I was born their child . . .

MESSENGER: Because you and Polybus were not related.

**OEDIPUS**: What do you mean? Was not Polybus my father?

MESSENGER: He was as much your father as this man here,      1210  
      no more, no less.

**OEDIPUS**:                         But how can any man  
      who means nothing to me be the same  
      as my own father?

MESSENGER:                               But Polybus  
      was not your father, no more than I am.                                             [1020]

**OEDIPUS**: Then why did he call me his son?

MESSENGER:                                     If you must know,  
      he received you many years ago as a gift.  
      I gave you to him.

**OEDIPUS**:                         He really loved me.  
      How could he if I came from someone else?

MESSENGER: Well, before you came, he had no children—  
      that made him love you.

**OEDIPUS**:                   When you gave me to him,                        1220  
      had you bought me or found me by accident?

MESSENGER: I found you in Cithaeron’s forest valleys.

**OEDIPUS**: What were you doing wandering up there?

MESSENGER: I was looking after flocks of sheep.

**OEDIPUS**: You were a shepherd, just a hired servant  
      roaming here and there?

MESSENGER:                         Yes, my son, I was.  
      But at that time I was the one who saved you.                                    [1030]

**OEDIPUS**: When you picked me up and took me off,  
      what sort of suffering was I going through?

MESSENGER: The ankles on your feet could tell you that.          1230

**OEDIPUS**: Ah, my old misfortune. Why mention that?

MESSENGER: Your ankles had been pierced and tied together.  
      I set them free.

**OEDIPUS**:                               My dreadful mark of shame—  
      I’ve had that scar there since I was a child.

MESSENGER: That’s why fortune gave you your very name,  
      the one which you still carry.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note18)**

**OEDIPUS**:                                                 Tell me,  
      in the name of heaven, why did my parents,  
      my father or my mother, do this to me?

MESSENGER: I don’t know. The man who gave you to me  
      knows more of that than I do.

**OEDIPUS**:                               You mean to say                            1240  
      you got me from someone else? It wasn’t you  
      who stumbled on me?

MESSENGER:                               No, it wasn’t me.  
      Another shepherd gave you to me.                                                      [1040]

**OEDIPUS**:                                                 Who?  
      Who was he? Do you know? Can you tell me  
      any details, ones you know for certain?

MESSENGER: Well, I think he was one of Laius’ servants—  
      that’s what people said.

**OEDIPUS**:                                     You mean king Laius,  
      the one who ruled this country years ago?

MESSENGER: That’s right. He was one of the king’s shepherds.

**OEDIPUS**: Is he still alive? Can I still see him?                             1250

MESSENGER: You people live here. You’d best answer that.

**OEDIPUS**: *[turning to the Chorus]*  Do any of you here now know the man,  
      this shepherd he describes? Have you seen him,  
      either in the fields or here in Thebes?  
      Answer me. It’s critical, time at last  
      to find out what this means.                                                                [1050]

**CHORUS** LEADER:                   The man he mentioned  
      is, I think, the very peasant from the fields  
      you wanted to see earlier. But of this  
      Jocasta could tell more than anyone.

**OEDIPUS**: Lady, do you know the man we sent for—                  1260  
      just minutes ago—the one we summoned here?  
      Is he the one this messenger refers to?

**JOCASTA**: Why ask me what he means? Forget all that.  
      There’s no point in trying to sort out what he said.

**OEDIPUS**: With all these indications of the truth  
      here in my grasp, I cannot end this now.  
      I must reveal the details of my birth.

**JOCASTA**: In the name of the gods, no! If you have                                [1060]  
      some concern for your own life, then stop!  
      Do not keep investigating this.                                                 1270  
      I will suffer—that will be enough.

**OEDIPUS**: Be brave. Even if I should turn out to be  
      born from a shameful mother, whose family  
      for three generations have been slaves,  
      you will still have your noble lineage.

**JOCASTA**: Listen to me, I beg you. Do not do this.

**OEDIPUS**: I will not be convinced I should not learn  
      the whole truth of what these facts amount to.

**JOCASTA**: But I care about your own well being—  
      what I tell you is for your benefit.                                             1280

**OEDIPUS**: What you’re telling me for my own good  
      just brings me more distress.

**JOCASTA**:                               Oh, you unhappy man!  
      May you never find out who you really are!

**OEDIPUS**: *[to Chorus]* Go, one of you, and bring that shepherd here.  
      Leave the lady to enjoy her noble family.                                            [1070]

**JOCASTA**: Alas, you poor miserable man!  
      There’s nothing more that I can say to you.  
      And now I’ll never speak again.

*[****JOCASTA*** *runs into the palace]*

**CHORUS** LEADER: Why has the queen rushed off, Oedipus,  
      so full of grief? I fear a disastrous storm                                   1290  
      will soon break through her silence.

**OEDIPUS**:                                           Then let it break,  
      whatever it is. As for myself,  
      no matter how base born my family,  
      I wish to know the seed from where I came.  
      Perhaps my queen is now ashamed of me  
      and of my insignificant origin—  
      she likes to play the noble lady.  
      But I will never feel myself dishonoured.                                            [1080]  
      I see myself as a child of fortune—  
      and she is generous, that mother of mine                                 1300  
      from whom I spring, and the months, my siblings,  
      have seen me by turns both small and great.  
      That’s how I was born. I cannot change  
      to someone else, nor can I ever cease  
      from seeking out the facts of my own birth.

**CHORUS**: If I have any power of prophecy  
      or skill in knowing things,  
      then, by the Olympian deities,  
      you, Cithaeron, at tomorrow’s moon                                                   [1090]  
      will surely know that Oedipus                                                  1310  
      pays tribute to you as his native land  
      both as his mother and his nurse,  
      and that our choral dance and song  
      acknowledge you because you are  
      so pleasing to our king.  
      O Phoebus, we cry out to you—  
      may our song fill you with delight!

      Who gave birth to you, my child?  
      Which one of the immortal gods  
      bore you to your father Pan,                                                     1320       [1100]  
      who roams the mountainsides?  
      Was it some daughter of Apollo,  
      the god who loves all country fields?  
      Perhaps Cyllene’s royal king?  
      Or was it the Bacchanalian god  
      dwelling on the mountain tops  
      who took you as a new-born joy  
      from maiden nymphs of Helicon  
      with whom he often romps and plays?**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note19)**

**OEDIPUS**: *[looking out away from the palace]*  
      You elders, although I’ve never seen the man                          1330        [1110]  
      we’ve been looking for a long time now,  
      if I had to guess, I think I see him.  
      He’s coming here. He looks very old—  
      as is appropriate, if he’s the one.  
      And I know the people coming with him,  
      servants of mine. But if you’ve seen him before,  
      you’ll recognize him better than I will.

**CHORUS** LEADER: Yes, I recognize the man. There’s no doubt.  
      He worked for Laius—a trusty shepherd.

*[Enter SERVANT, an old shepherd]*

**OEDIPUS**: Stranger from Corinth, let me first ask you—             1340  
      is this the man you mentioned?

MESSENGER:                                                 Yes, he is—  
      he’s the man you see in front of you.                                                  [1120]

**OEDIPUS**: You, old man, over here. Look at me.  
      Now answer what I ask. Some time ago  
      did you work for Laius?

**SERVANT**:                                           Yes, as a slave.  
      But I was not bought. I grew up in his house.

**OEDIPUS**: How did you live? What was the work you did?

**SERVANT**: Most of my life I’ve spent looking after sheep.

**OEDIPUS**: Where? In what particular areas?

**SERVANT**: On Cithaeron or the neighbouring lands.                   1350

**OEDIPUS**: Do you know if you came across this man  
      anywhere up there?

**SERVANT**:                                     Doing what?  
      What man do you mean?

**OEDIPUS**:                         The man over here—  
      this one. Have you ever run into him?                                                 [1130]

**SERVANT**: Right now I can’t say I remember him.

**MESSENGER:** My lord, that’s surely not surprising.  
      Let me refresh his failing memory.  
      I think he will remember all too well  
      the time we spent around Cithaeron.  
      He had two flocks of sheep and I had one.                               1360  
      I was with him there for six months at a stretch,  
      from early spring until the autumn season.  
      In winter I’d drive my sheep down to my folds,  
      and he’d take his to pens that Laius owned.  
      Isn’t that what happened—what I’ve just said?                                   [1140]

**SERVANT**: You spoke the truth. But it was long ago.

**MESSENGER**: All right, then. Now, tell me if you recall  
      how you gave me a child, an infant boy,  
      for me to raise as my own foster son.

**SERVANT**: What? Why ask about that?

**MESSENGER**:                   This man here, my friend,                   1370  
      was that young child back then.

**SERVANT**:                                     Damn you!  
      Can’t you keep quiet about it!

**OEDIPUS**:                               Hold on, old man.  
      Don’t criticize him. What you have said  
      is more objectionable than his account.

**SERVANT**: My noble master, what have I done wrong?

**OEDIPUS**: You did not tell us of that infant boy,                                    [1150]  
      the one he asked about.

**SERVANT**:                               That’s what he says,  
      but he knows nothing—a useless busybody.

**OEDIPUS**: If you won’t tell us of your own free will,  
      once we start to hurt you, you will talk.                                    1380

**SERVANT**: By all the gods, don’t torture an old man!

**OEDIPUS**: One of you there, tie up this fellow’s hands.

**SERVANT**: Why are you doing this? It’s too much for me!  
      What is it you want to know?

**OEDIPUS**:                               That child he mentioned—  
      did you give it to him?

**SERVANT**:                                     I did. How I wish  
      I’d died that day!

**OEDIPUS**:                   Well, you’re going to die  
      if you don’t speak the truth.

**SERVANT**:                                           And if I do,  
      there’s an even greater chance that I’ll be killed.

**OEDIPUS**: It seems to me the man is trying to stall.                                [1160]

**SERVANT** No, no, I’m not. I’ve already told you—                     1390  
      I did give him the child.

**OEDIPUS**:                               Where did you get it?  
      Did it come from your home or somewhere else?

**SERVANT** It was not mine—I got it from someone.

**OEDIPUS**: Which of our citizens? Whose home was it?

**SERVANT**: In the name of the gods, my lord, don’t ask!  
      Please, no more questions!

**OEDIPUS**:                         If I have to ask again,  
      then you will die.

**SERVANT**:                   The child was born in Laius’ house.

**OEDIPUS**: From a slave or from some relative of his?

**SERVANT**: Alas, what I’m about to say now . . .  
      it’s horrible.

**OEDIPUS**:                   And I’m about to hear it.                           1400       [1170]  
      But nonetheless I have to know this.

**SERVANT**: If you must know, they said the child was his.  
      But your wife inside the palace is the one  
      who could best tell you what was going on.

**OEDIPUS**: You mean she gave the child to you?

**SERVANT**:                                                 Yes, my lord.

**OEDIPUS**: Why did she do that?

**SERVANT**:                                     So I would kill it.

**OEDIPUS**: That wretched woman was the mother?

**SERVANT**:                                                             Yes.  
      She was afraid of dreadful prophecies.

**OEDIPUS**: What sort of prophecies?

**SERVANT**:                                           The story went  
      that he would kill his father.

**OEDIPUS**:                                     If that was true,                       1410  
      why did you give the child to this old man?

**SERVANT**: I pitied the boy, master, and I thought  
      he’d take the child off to a foreign land  
      where he was from. But he rescued him,  
      only to save him for the greatest grief of all.                                       [1180]  
      For if you’re the one this man says you are                                          
      you know your birth carried an awful fate.

**OEDIPUS**: Ah, so it all came true. It’s so clear now.  
      O light, let me look at you one final time,  
      a man who stands revealed as cursed by birth,                         1420  
      cursed by my own family, and cursed  
      by murder where I should not kill.

*[****OEDIPUS*** *moves into the palace]*

**CHORUS**: O generations of mortal men,  
      how I count your life as scarcely living.  
      What man is there, what human being,  
      who attains a greater happiness                                                           [1190]  
      than mere appearances, a joy  
      which seems to fade away to nothing?  
      Poor wretched Oedipus, your fate  
      stands here to demonstrate for me                                            1430  
      how no mortal man is ever blessed.

      Here was a man who fired his arrows well—  
      his skill was matchless—and he won  
      the highest happiness in everything.  
      For, Zeus, he slaughtered the hook-taloned Sphinx  
      and stilled her cryptic song. For our state,  
      he stood there like a tower against death,                                           [1200]  
      and from that moment, Oedipus,  
      we have called you our king  
      and honoured you above all other men,                                    1440  
      the one who rules in mighty Thebes.

      But now who is there whose story  
      is more terrible to hear? Whose life  
      has been so changed by trouble,  
      by such ferocious agonies?  
      Alas, for celebrated Oedipus,  
      the same spacious place of refuge  
      served you both as child and father,  
      the place you entered as a new bridegroom.                                       [1210]  
      How could the furrow where your father planted,                    1450  
      poor wretched man, have tolerated you  
      in such silence for so long?

      Time, which watches everything  
      and uncovered you against your will,  
      now sits in judgment of that fatal marriage,  
      where child and parent have been joined so long.  
      O child of Laius, how I wish  
      I’d never seen you—now I wail  
      like one whose mouth pours forth laments.                                        [1220]  
      To tell it right, it was through you                                            1460  
      I found my life and breathed again,  
      and then through you my eyesight failed.

*[The Second Messenger enters from the palace]*

**SECOND MESSENGER**: O you most honoured citizens of Thebes,  
      what actions you will hear about and see,  
      what sorrows you will bear, if, as natives here,  
      you are still loyal to the house of Labdacus!  
      I do not think the Ister or the Phasis rivers  
      could cleanse this house. It conceals too much  
      and soon will bring to light the vilest things,  
      brought on by choice and not by accident.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note20)**                         1470       [1230]  
      What we do to ourselves brings us most pain.

**CHORUS** LEADER: The calamities we knew about before  
      were hard enough to bear. What can you say  
      to make them worse?

**SECOND MESSENGER**:                         I’ll waste no words—  
      know this—noble Jocasta, our queen, is dead.

**CHORUS** LEADER: That poor unhappy lady! How did she die?

**SECOND MESSENGER**: She killed herself. You did not see it,  
      so you'll be spared the worst of what went on.  
      But from what I recall of what I saw  
      you’ll learn how that poor woman suffered.                              1480       [1240]  
      She left here frantic and rushed inside,  
      fingers on both hands clenched in her hair.  
      She ran through the hall straight to her marriage bed.  
      She went in, slamming both doors shut behind her  
      and crying out to Laius, who’s been a corpse  
      a long time now. She was remembering  
      that child of theirs born many years ago—  
      the one who killed his father, who left her  
      to conceive cursed children with that son.  
      She lay moaning by the bed, where she,                                    1490  
      poor woman, had given birth twice over—  
      a husband from a husband, children from a child.                               [1250]  
      How she died after that I don’t fully know.  
      With a scream Oedipus came bursting in.  
      He would not let us see her suffering,  
      her final pain. We watched him charge around,  
      back and forth. As he moved, he kept asking us  
      to give him a sword, as he tried to find  
      that wife who was no wife—whose mother’s womb  
      had given birth to him and to his children.                                1500  
      As he raved, some immortal power led him on—  
      no human in the room came close to him.  
      With a dreadful howl, as if someone                                                   [1260]  
      had pushed him, he leapt at the double doors,  
      bent the bolts by force out of their sockets,  
      and burst into the room. Then we saw her.  
      She was hanging there, swaying, with twisted cords  
      roped round her neck. When Oedipus saw her,  
      with a dreadful groan he took her body  
      out of the noose in which she hung, and then,                          1510  
      when the poor woman was lying on the ground—  
      what happened next was a horrific sight—  
      from her clothes he ripped the golden brooches  
      she wore as ornaments, raised them high,  
      and drove them deep into his eyeballs,                                              [1270]  
      crying as he did so: "You will no longer see  
      all those atrocious things I suffered,  
      the dreadful things I did! No. You have seen  
      those you never should have looked upon,  
      and those I wished to know you did not see.                            1520  
      So now and for all future time be dark!"  
      With these words he raised his hand and struck,  
      not once, but many times, right in the sockets.  
      With every blow blood spurted from his eyes  
      down on his beard, and not in single drops,  
      but showers of dark blood spattered like hail.                                     [1280]  
      So what these two have done has overwhelmed  
      not one alone—this disaster swallows up  
      a man and wife together. That old happiness  
      they had before in their rich ancestry                                        1530  
      was truly joy, but now lament and ruin,  
      death and shame, and all calamities  
      which men can name are theirs to keep.

**CHORUS** LEADER: And has that suffering man found some relief  
      to ease his pain?

**SECOND MESSENGER**:            He shouts at everyone  
      to open up the gates and thus reveal  
      to all Cadmeians his father’s killer,  
      his mother’s . . . but I must not say those words.  
      He wants them to cast him out of Thebes,                                          [1290]  
      so the curse he laid will not come on this house                       1540  
      if he still lives inside. But he is weak  
      and needs someone to lead him on his way.  
      His agony is more than he can bear—  
      as he will show you—for on the palace doors  
      the bolts are being pulled back. Soon you will see  
      a sight which even a man filled with disgust  
      would have to pity.

*[****OEDIPUS*** *enters through the palace doors]*

**CHORUS** LEADER: An awful fate for human eyes to witness,  
      an appalling sight—the worst I’ve ever seen.  
      O you poor man, what madness came on you?                         1550  
      What eternal force pounced on your life                                             [1300]  
      and, springing further than the longest leap,  
      brought you this awful doom? Alas! Alas!  
      You unhappy man! I cannot look at you.  
      I want to ask you many things—there’s much  
      I wish to learn. You fill me with such horror,  
      yet there is so much I must see.

**OEDIPUS**: Aaaiiii, aaaiii . . . Alas! Alas!  
      How miserable I am . . . such wretchedness . . .  
      Where do I go? How can the wings of air                                  1560       [1310]  
      sweep up my voice? Oh my destiny,  
      how far you have sprung now!

**CHORUS** LEADER: To a fearful place from which men turn away,  
      a place they hate to look upon.

**OEDIPUS**: O the dark horror wrapped around me,  
      this nameless visitor I can’t resist  
      swept here by fair and fatal winds.  
      Alas for me! And yet again, alas for me!  
      The agony of stabbing brooches  
      pierces me! The memory of aching shame!                                1570

**CHORUS** LEADER: In your distress it’s not astonishing  
      you bear a double load of suffering,                                                    [1320]  
      a double load of pain.

**OEDIPUS**:                               Ah, my friend,  
      so you still care for me, as always,  
      and with patience nurse me now I’m blind.  
      Alas! Alas! You are not hidden from me—  
      I recognize you all too clearly.  
      Though I am blind, I know that voice so well.

**CHORUS** LEADER: You have carried out such dreadful things—  
      how could you dare to blind yourself this way?                        1580  
      What god drove you to it?

**OEDIPUS**:                         It was Apollo, friends,  
      it was Apollo. He brought on these troubles—                                   [1330]  
      the awful things I suffer. But the hand  
      which stabbed out my eyes was mine alone.  
      In my wretched life, why should I have eyes  
      when nothing I could see would bring me joy?

**CHORUS** LEADER: What you have said is true enough.

**OEDIPUS**: What is there for me to see, my friends?  
      What can I love? Whose greeting can I hear  
      and feel delight? Hurry now, my friends,                                  1590        [1340]  
      lead me away from Thebes—take me somewhere,  
      a man completely lost, utterly accursed,  
      the mortal man the gods despise the most.

**CHORUS** LEADER: Unhappy in your fate and in your mind  
      which now knows all. Would I had never known you!

**OEDIPUS**: Whoever the man is who freed my feet,  
      who released me from that cruel shackle                                            [1350]  
      and rescued me from death, may that man die!  
      It was a thankless act. Had I perished then,  
      I would not have brought such agony                                       1600  
      to myself or to my friends.

**CHORUS** LEADER:                                     I agree—  
      I would have preferred your death, as well.

**OEDIPUS**: I would not have come to kill my father,  
      and men would not see in me the husband  
      of the woman who gave birth to me.  
      Now I am abandoned by the gods,                                                      [1360]  
      the son of a corrupted mother,  
      conceiving children with the woman  
      who gave me my own miserable life.  
      If there is some suffering more serious                                      1610  
      than all the rest, then it too belongs  
      in the fate of Oedipus.

**CHORUS** LEADER:                   I do not believe  
      what you did to yourself is for the best.  
      Better to be dead than alive and blind.

**OEDIPUS**: Don’t tell me what I’ve done is not the best.  
      And from now on spare me your advice.                                             [1370]  
      If I could see, I don’t know how my eyes  
      could look at my own father when I come  
      to Hades or could see my wretched mother.  
      Against those two I have committed acts                                 1620  
      so vile that even if I hanged myself  
      that would not be sufficient punishment.  
      Perhaps you think the sight of my own children  
      might give me joy? No! Look how they were born!  
      They could never bring delight to eyes of mine.  
      Nor could the city or its massive walls,  
      or the sacred images of its gods.  
      I am the most abhorred of men, I,  
      the finest one of all those bred in Thebes,                                           [1380]  
      I have condemned myself, telling everyone                               1630  
      they had to banish for impiety  
      the man the gods have now exposed  
      as sacrilegious—a son of Laius, too.  
      With such polluting stains upon me,  
      could I set eyes on you and hold your gaze?  
      No. And if I could somehow block my ears  
      and kill my hearing, I would not hold back.  
      I’d make a dungeon of this wretched body,  
      so I would never see or hear again.  
      For there is joy in isolated thought,                                           1640  
      sealed off from a world of sorrow.                                                      [1390]  
      O Cithaeron, why did you shelter me?  
      Why, when I was handed over to you,  
      did you not do away with me at once,  
      so I would never then reveal to men  
      the nature of my birth? Ah Polybus,  
      and Corinth, the place men called my home,  
      my father’s ancient house, you raised me well—  
      so fine to look at, so corrupt inside!  
      Now I've been exposed as something bad,                                1650  
      contaminated in my origins.  
      Oh you three roads and hidden forest grove,  
      you thicket and defile where three paths meet,  
      you who swallowed down my father’s blood                                       [1400]  
      from my own hands, do you remember me,  
      what I did there in front of you and then  
      what else I did when I came here to Thebes?  
      Ah, you marriage rites—you gave birth to me,  
      and then when I was born, you gave birth again,  
      children from the child of that same womb,                              1660  
      creating an incestuous blood family  
      of fathers, brothers, children, brides,  
      wives and mothers—the most atrocious act  
      that human beings commit! But it is wrong  
      to talk about what it is wrong to do,  
      so in the name of all the gods, act quickly—  
      hide me somewhere outside the land of Thebes,                                 [1410]  
      or slaughter me, or hurl me in the sea,  
      where you will never gaze on me again.  
      Come, allow yourself to touch a wretched man.                        1670  
      Listen to me, and do not be afraid—  
      for this disease infects no one but me.

**CHORUS** LEADER: Creon is coming. He is just in time  
      to plan and carry out what you propose.  
      With you gone he’s the only one who’s left  
      to act as guardian of Thebes.

**OEDIPUS**:                                                 Alas,  
      how will I talk to him? How can I ask him  
      to put his trust in me? Not long ago                                                    [1420]  
      I treated him with such contempt.

*[Enter Creon]*

**CREON**: Oedipus, I have not come here to mock                         1680  
      or blame you for disasters in the past.  
      But if you can no longer value human beings,  
      at least respect our lord the sun, whose light  
      makes all things grow, and do not put on show  
      pollution of this kind in such a public way,  
      for neither earth nor light nor sacred rain  
      can welcome such a sight.

*[Creon speaks to the attending servants]*

                                       Take him inside the house  
      as quickly as you can. The kindest thing  
      would be for members of his family                                                     [1430]  
      to be the only ones to see and hear him.                                   1690

**OEDIPUS**: By all the gods, since you are acting now  
      so differently from what I would expect  
      and have come here to treat me graciously,  
      the very worst of men, do what I ask.  
      I will speak for your own benefit, not mine.

**CREON**: What are you so keen to get from me?

**OEDIPUS**: Cast me out as quickly as you can,  
      away from Thebes, to a place where no one,  
      no living human being, will cross my path.

**CREON**: That is something I could do, of course,                         1700  
      but first I wish to know what the god says  
      about what I should do.

**OEDIPUS**:                               But what he said                                       [1440]  
      was all so clear—the man who killed his father  
      must be destroyed. And that corrupted man  
      is me.

**CREON**:             Yes, that is what was said. But now,  
      with things the way they are, the wisest thing  
      is to ascertain quite clearly what to do.

**OEDIPUS**: Will you then be making a request  
      on my behalf when I am so depraved?

**CREON**: I will. For even you must now trust in the gods.             1710

**OEDIPUS**: Yes, I do. And I have a task for you  
      as I make this plea—that woman in the house,  
      please bury her as you see fit. You are the one  
      to give your own the proper funeral rites.  
      But never let my father’s city be condemned  
      to have me living here while I still live.                                               [1450]      Let me make my home up in the mountains  
      by Cithaeron, whose fame is now my own.  
      When my father and mother were alive,  
      they chose it as my special burying place—                              1720  
      and thus, when I die, I’ll be following  
      the orders of the ones who tried to kill me.  
      And yet I know this much—no disease  
      nor any other suffering can kill me—  
      for I would never have been saved from death  
      unless I was to suffer a strange destiny.  
      But wherever my fate leads, just let it go.  
      As for my two sons, Creon, there’s no need  
      for you to care for them on my behalf—  
      they are men—thus, no matter where they are,                         1730       [1460]  
      they’ll always have enough to live on.**[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note21)**  
      But my two poor daughters have never known  
      my dining table placed away from them  
      or lacked their father’s presence. They shared  
      everything I touched—that’s how it’s always been.  
      So take care of them for me. But first let me  
      feel them with my hands and then I’ll grieve.  
      Oh my lord, you noble heart, let me do that—  
      if my hands could touch them it would seem  
      as if I were with them when I still could see.                            1740        [1470]

*[Some SERVANTS lead* ***ANTIGONE*** *and* ***ISMENE*** *out of the palace]*

      What’s this? By all the gods I hear something—  
      is it my two dear children crying . . . ?  
      Has Creon taken pity on me  
      and sent out the children, my dear treasures?  
      Is that what’s happening?

**CREON**:                                     Yes. I sent for them.  
      I know the joy they’ve always given you—  
      the joy which you feel now.

**OEDIPUS**:                                     I wish you well.  
      And for this act, may the god watch over you  
      and treat you better than he treated me.  
      Ah, my children, where are you? Come here,                            1750       [1480]  
      come into my arms—you are my sisters now—  
      feel these hands which turned your father’s eyes,  
      once so bright, into what you see now,  
      these empty sockets. He was a man, who,  
      seeing nothing, knowing nothing, fathered you  
      with the woman who had given birth to him.  
      I weep for you. Although I cannot see,  
      I think about your life in days to come,  
      the bitter life which men will force on you.  
      What citizens will associate with you?                                      1760  
      What feasts will you attend and not come home  
      in tears, with no share in the rejoicing?                                                [1490]  
      When you’re mature enough for marriage,  
      who will be there for you, my children,  
      what husband ready to assume the shame  
      tainting my children and their children, too?  
      What perversion is not manifest in us?  
      Your father killed his father, and then ploughed  
      his mother’s womb—where he himself was born—  
      conceiving you where he, too, was conceived.                          1770  
      Those are the insults they will hurl at you.                                          [1500]  
      Who, then, will marry you? No one, my children.  
      You must wither, barren and unmarried.  
      Son of Menoeceus, with both parents gone,  
      you alone remain these children’s father.  
      Do not let them live as vagrant paupers,  
      wandering around unmarried. You are  
      a relative of theirs—don’t let them sink  
      to lives of desperation like my own.  
      Have pity. You see them now at their young age                      1780  
      deprived of everything except a share  
      in what you are. Promise me, you noble soul,  
      you will extend your hand to them. And you,                                      [1510]  
      my children, if your minds were now mature,  
      there’s so much I could say. But I urge you—  
      pray that you may live as best you can  
      and lead your destined life more happily  
      than your own father.

**CREON**:                               You have grieved enough.  
      Now go into the house.

**OEDIPUS**:                                     I must obey,  
      although that’s not what I desire.

**CREON**:                                           In due time                            1790  
      all things will work out for the best.

**OEDIPUS**:                                           I will go.  
      But you know there are conditions.

**CREON**:                                                 Tell me.  
      Once I hear them, I’ll know what they are.

**OEDIPUS**: Send me away to live outside of Thebes.

**CREON**: Only the god can give you what you ask.

**OEDIPUS**: But I’ve become abhorrent to the gods.

**CREON**: Then you should quickly get what you desire.

**OEDIPUS**: So you agree?                                                                         [1520]

**CREON**:                               I don’t like to speak  
      thoughtlessly and say what I don’t mean.

**OEDIPUS**: Come then, lead me off.

**CREON**:                                                 All right,                          1800  
      but let go of the children.

**OEDIPUS**:                                           No, no!  
      Do not take them away from me.

**CREON**: Don’t try to be in charge of everything.  
      Your life has lost the power you once had.

*[****CREON****,* ***OEDIPUS****,* ***ANTIGONE****,* ***ISMENE****, and ATTENDANTS all enter the palace]****[\*](https://records.viu.ca/%7Ejohnstoi/sophocles/oedipustheking.htm" \l "note22)***

**CHORUS**: You residents of Thebes, our native land,  
      look on this man, this Oedipus, the one  
      who understood that celebrated riddle.  
      He was the most powerful of men.  
      All citizens who witnessed this man’s wealth  
      were envious. Now what a surging tide                                     1810  
      of terrible disaster sweeps around him.  
      So while we wait to see that final day,  
      we cannot call a mortal being happy  
      before he’s passed beyond life free from pain.                                     [1530]